

## THROMBOSIS RISK FACTOR ASSESSMENT



## **CHOOSE ALL THAT APPLY**

## EACH RISK FACTOR REPRESENTS 1 POINT **EACH RISK FACTOR REPRESENTS 5 POINTS EACH RISK FACTOR REPRESENTS 2 POINTS** Age 41-60 years Age 60-74 years Elective major lower extremity arthroplasty Minor surgery planned Arthroscopic surgery □ Hip, pelvis or leg fracture (< 1 month) History of prior major surgery (< 1 month) □ Malignancy (present or previous) □ Stroke (< 1 month) Varicose veins Major surgery (> 45 minutes) □ Multiple trauma (< 1 month) History of inflammatory bowel disease Laparoscopic surgery (> 45 minutes) Acute spinal cord injury (paralysis) Swollen legs (current) Patient confined to bed (> 72 hours) (< 1 month)□ Obesity (BMI > 25) Immobilizing plaster cast (< 1 month)</p> □ Acute myocardial infarction Central venous access Congestive heart failure (<1 month) **EACH RISK FACTOR REPRESENTS 3 POINTS** FOR WOMEN ONLY (EACH REPRESENTS □ Sepsis (<1 month) 1 POINT) Age over 75 years Serious lung disease including pneumonia Oral contraceptives or hormone □ History of DVT/PE (<1 month) replacement therapy Family history of thrombosis\* Abnormal pulmonary function (COPD) Pregnancy or postpartum (< 1 month)</p> Positive Factor V Leiden Medical patient currently at bed rest History of unexplained stillborn infant, Positive Prothrombin 20210A Other risk factors recurrent spontaneous abortion $\geq$ 3), premature birth with toxemia or Elevated serum homocysteine growth-restricted infant Positive lupus anticoagulant Elevated anticardiolipin antibodies Heparin-induced thrombocytopenia (HIT) **TOTAL RISK** Other congenital or acquired FACTOR SCORE thrombophilia If yes: Type:\_ 2005 Caprini Risk Assessment Model \* most frequently missed risk factor Reprinted with permission from Joseph A. Caprini, MD

PATIENTS' NAME:

AGE:

SEX:

## WEIGHT: